### Understanding and scaling change in lowland permafrost:

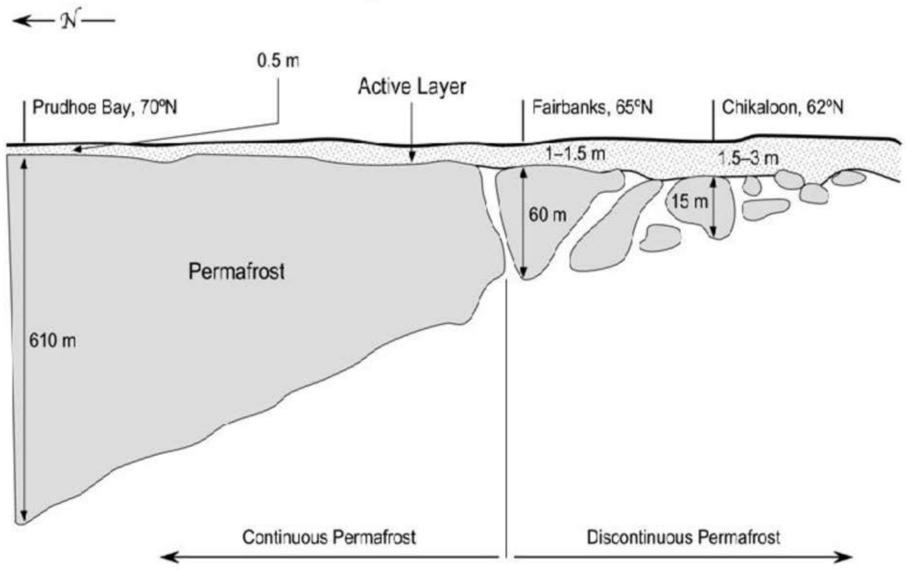
Cross-scale feedbacks to hydrology and carbon

Merritt R. Turetsky University of Guelph

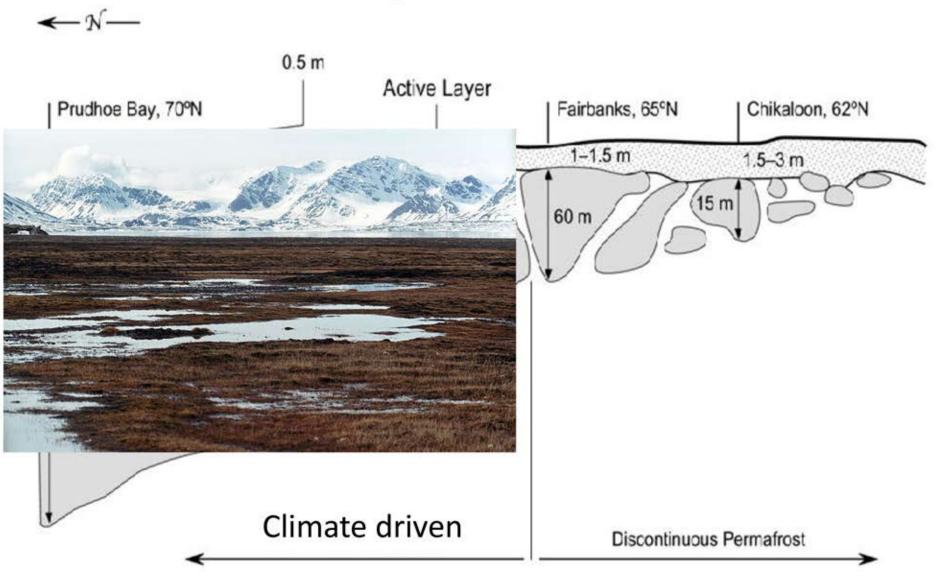




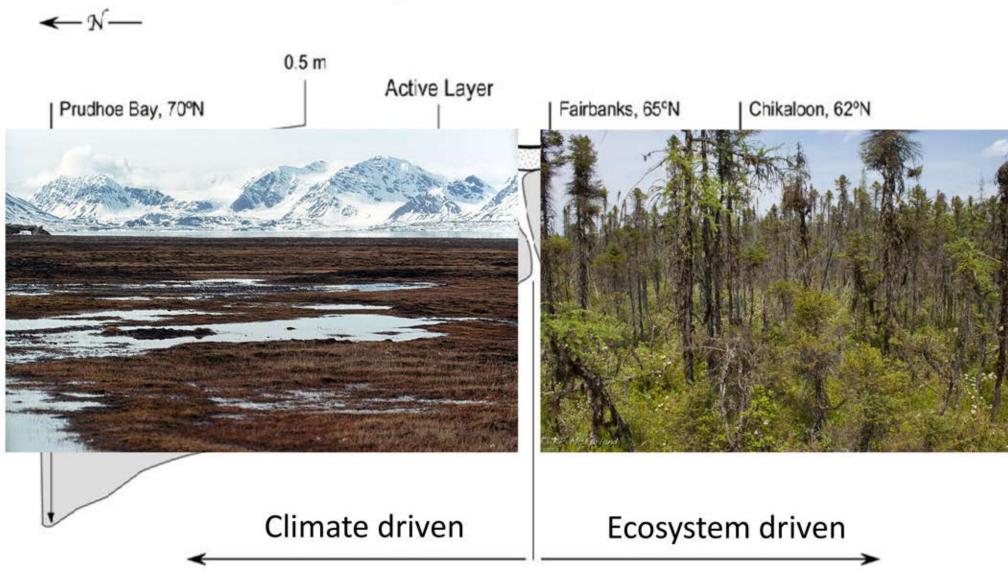
## Permafrost is both climate- and ecosystem- driven



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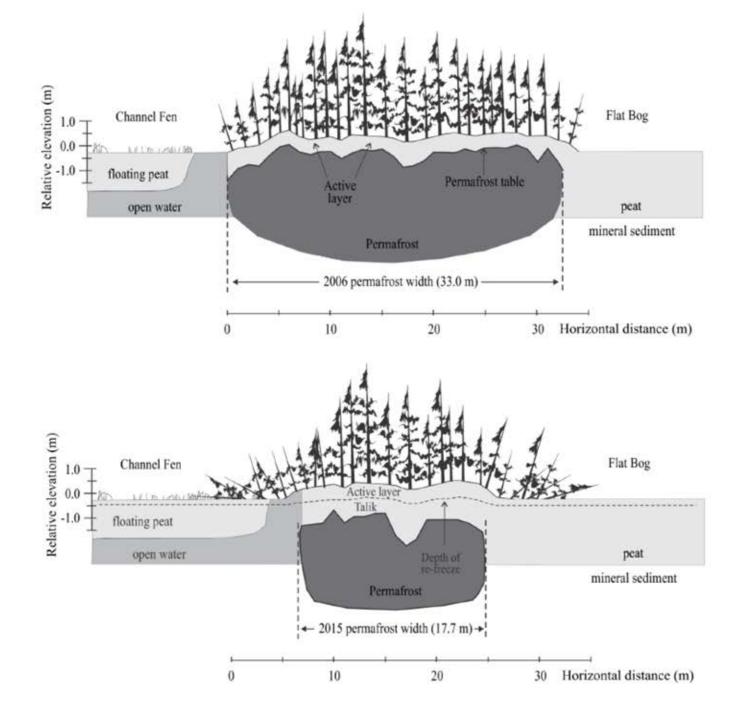
## Permafrost is both climate- and ecosystem- driven



## Abrupt thaw typically involves local subsidence and wetting

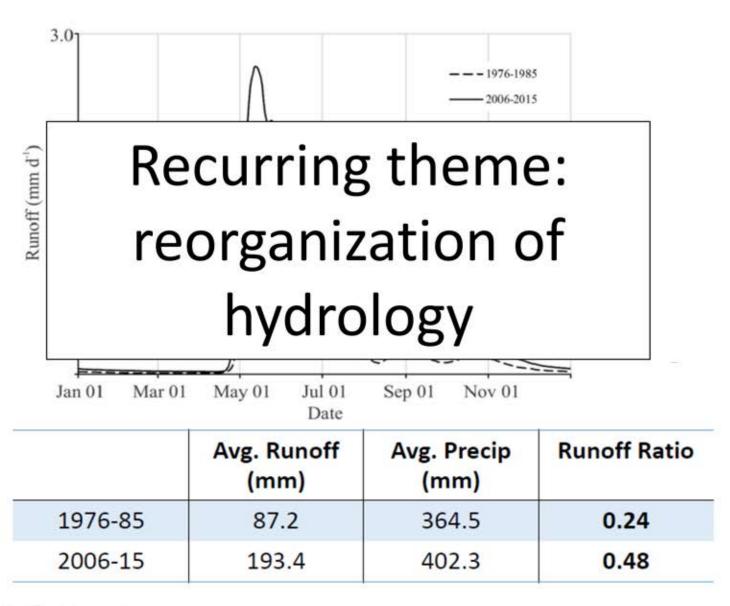


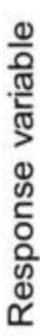


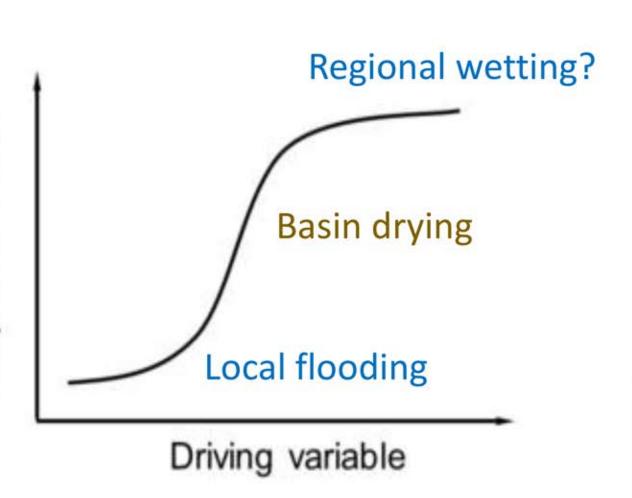


See work by Bill Quinton, Kevin Devito, Mike Waddington

#### Increasing runoff & basin drainage













#### Wetting AND drying through time



Life Cycle of Thaw Lakes: Subsidence and Wetting ->
Drainage -> Permafrost Recovery

#### Thermokarst state & transition model



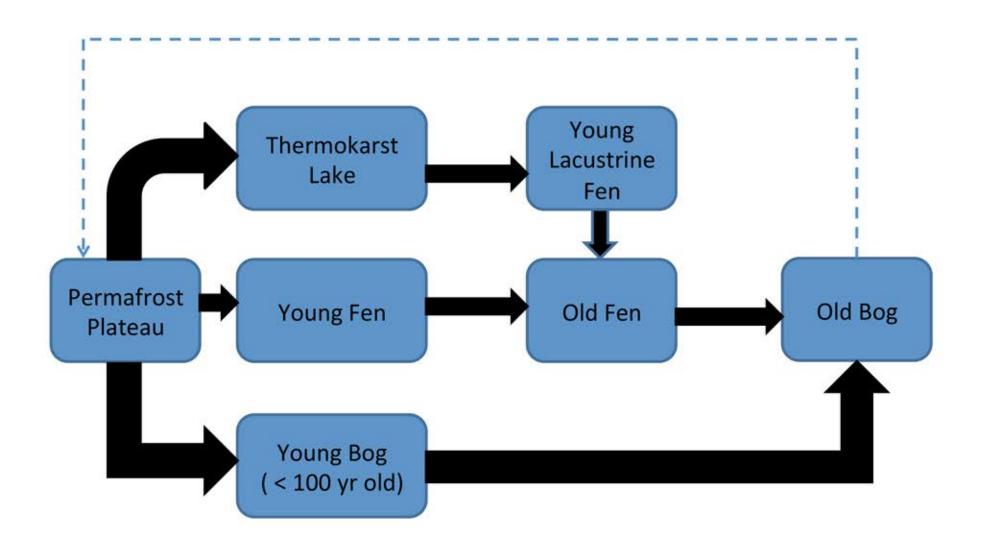
Lowland organic

Lowland mineral

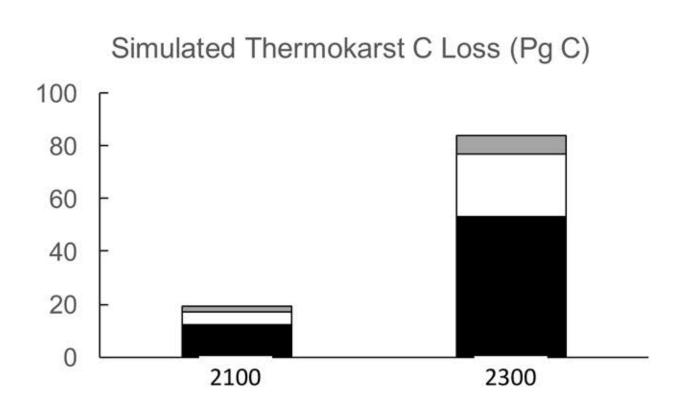
Upland mineral

For each generalized thaw trajectory, we synthesized data on:

- spatial extent of early and late thaw states
- transition rates between states
- carbon fluxes for each state

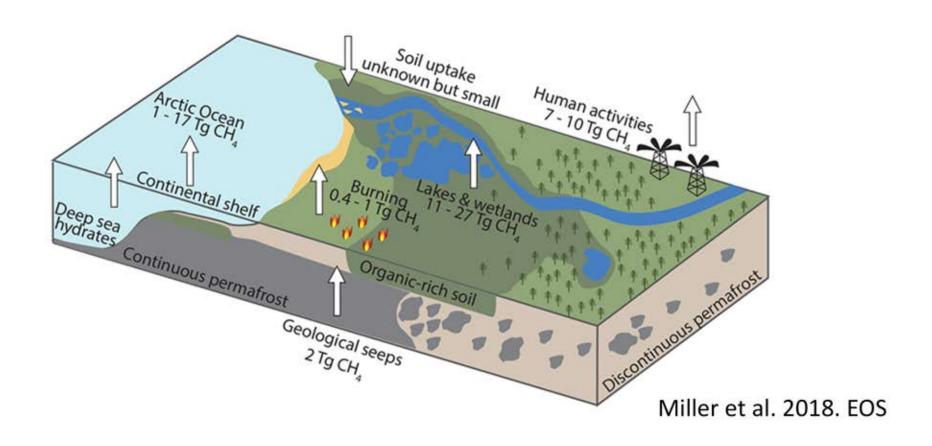


### Thermokarst C losses dominated by upland environments



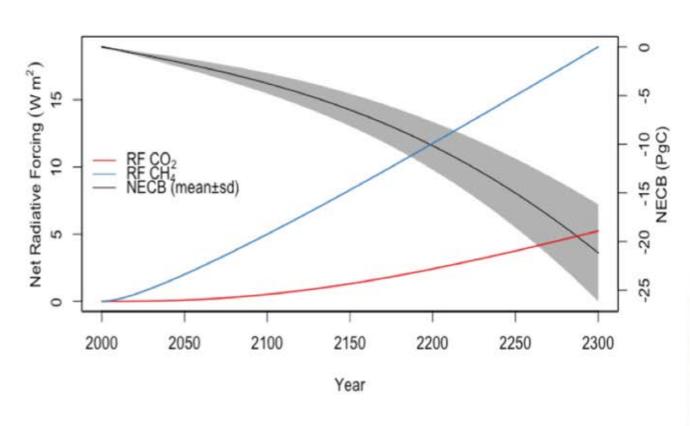


#### How important is CH<sub>4</sub> to permafrost C losses?



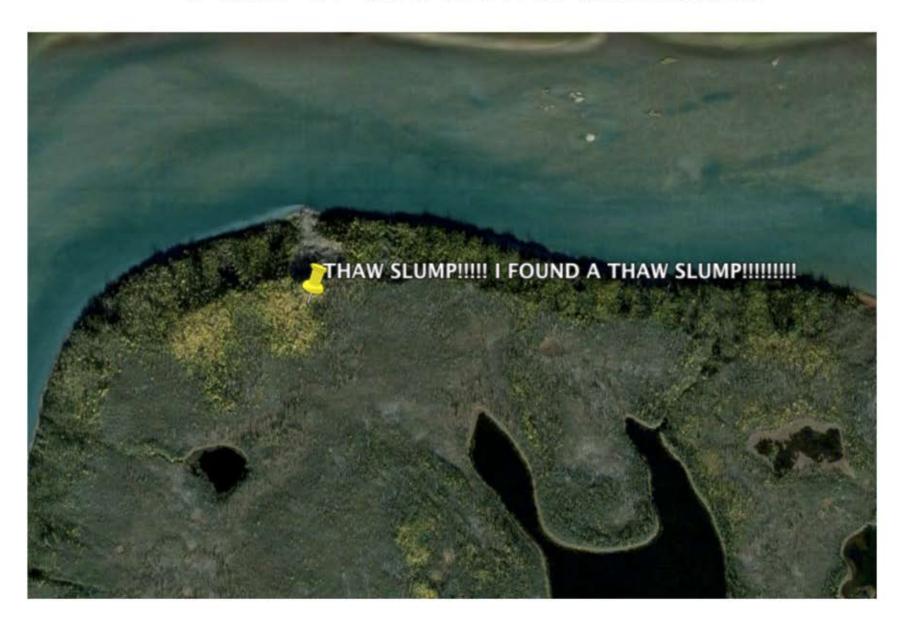
- CH<sub>4</sub>-C contributed little to total C release in a synthesis of year long incubations of permafrost soils (Schadel et al. 2016)
- However, CH<sub>4</sub> became significant in a 7+ year incubation (Knoblauch et al. 2018)

# Oxic environments lost the most C with thaw, but radiative forcing of CH<sub>4</sub> was high across all landscape settings

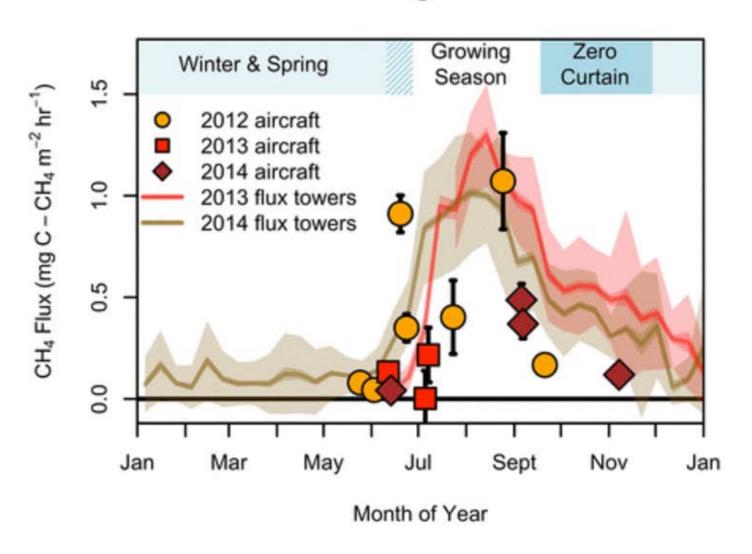




### Known Unknown #1 Fate of erosional material



## Known Unknown #2 Emissions during zero curtain



### Known Unknown #3 Methane seeps can transform the landscape

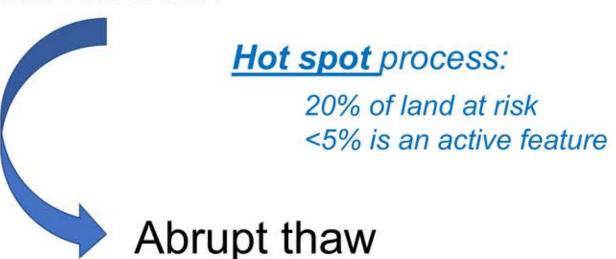




- Geologic sources of CH<sub>4</sub> (cf. Walter Anthony et al. 2012)
- Enhanced CO<sub>2</sub> uptake in Arctic ocean seep exceeded GWP of emitted CH<sub>4</sub> (Pohlman et al. 2017)

### Recurring theme: Heterogeneity Occurs in Time and Space

#### Permafrost thaw



#### Hot moment process:

<5% of bubble trap measurements responsible for >95% of old C release

Methane ebullition

### Public Engagement



### Public Engagement

We all have stories to share. They are more powerful together so we have a unique opportunity for science engagement.

At lunch today, please join me to explore this and other outreach opportunities!







#### Thank you

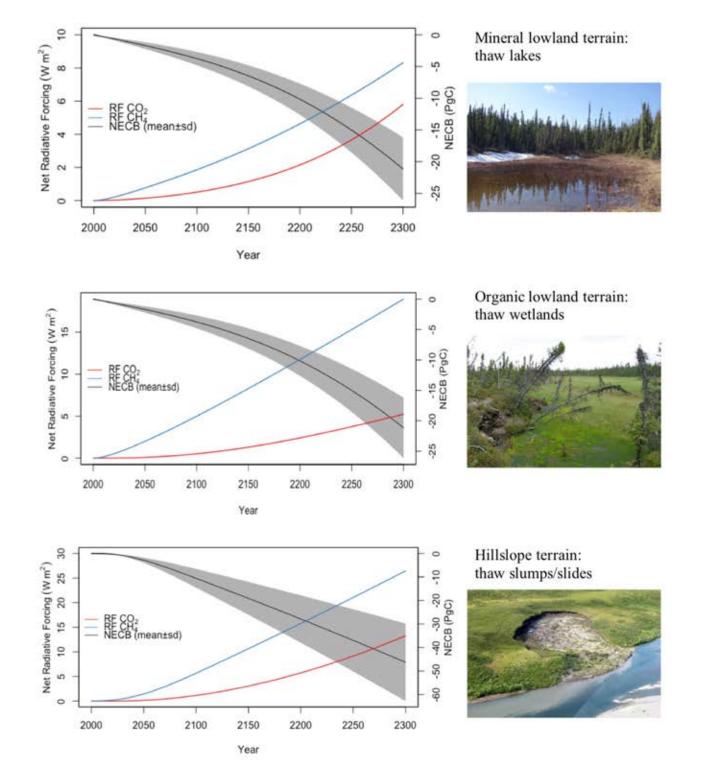
mrt@uoguelph.ca



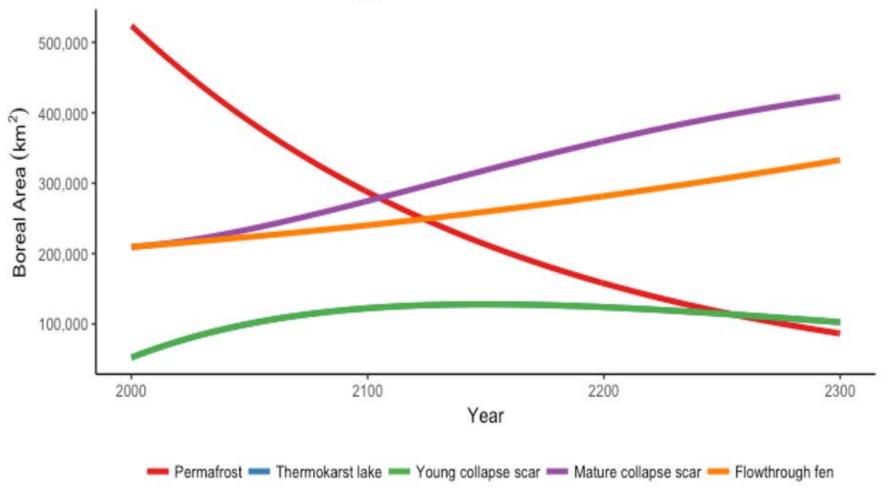
### Principles for effective communication and public engagement on climate change

#### A Handbook for IPCC authors

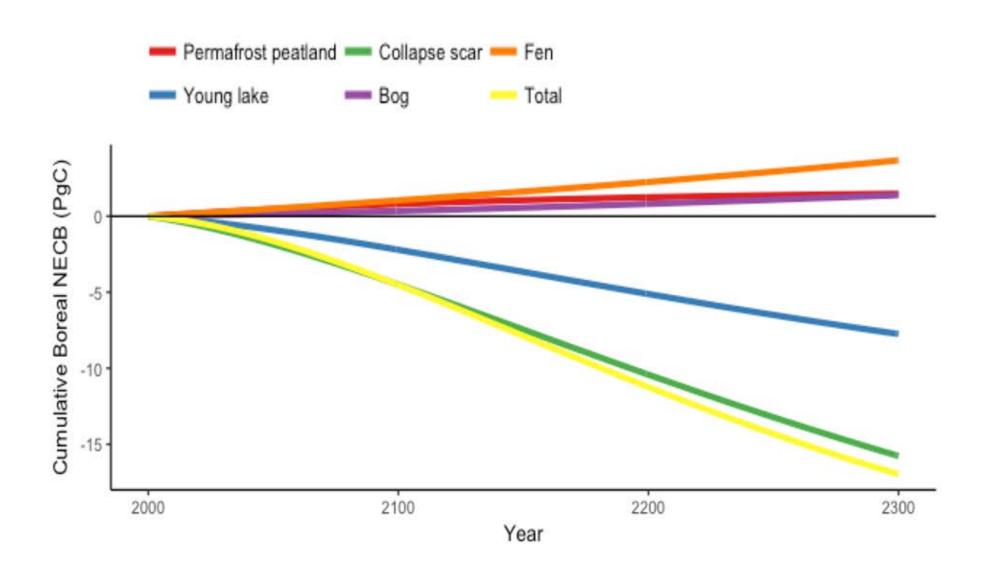
- 1. Be a confident communicator
- 2. Talk about the real world, not abstract ideas
- 3. Connect with what matters to your audience
- 4. Tell a human story
- Lead with what you know
- 6. Use the most effective visual communication



### Simulated change in areas in lowland organic terrain



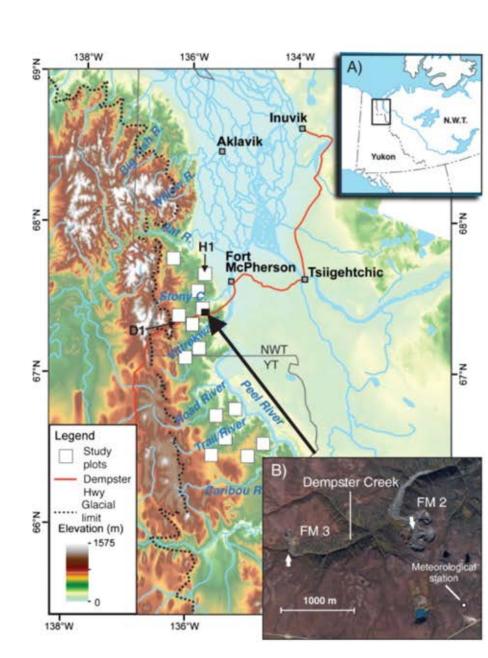
### Simulated change in net ecosystem carbon balance

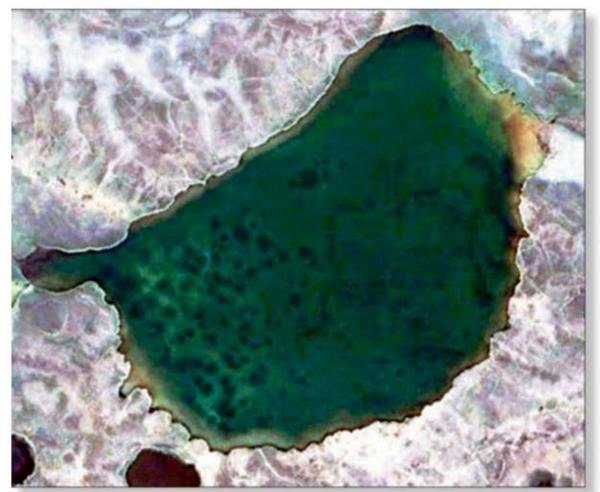


#### Case study: Peel Plateau megaslumps



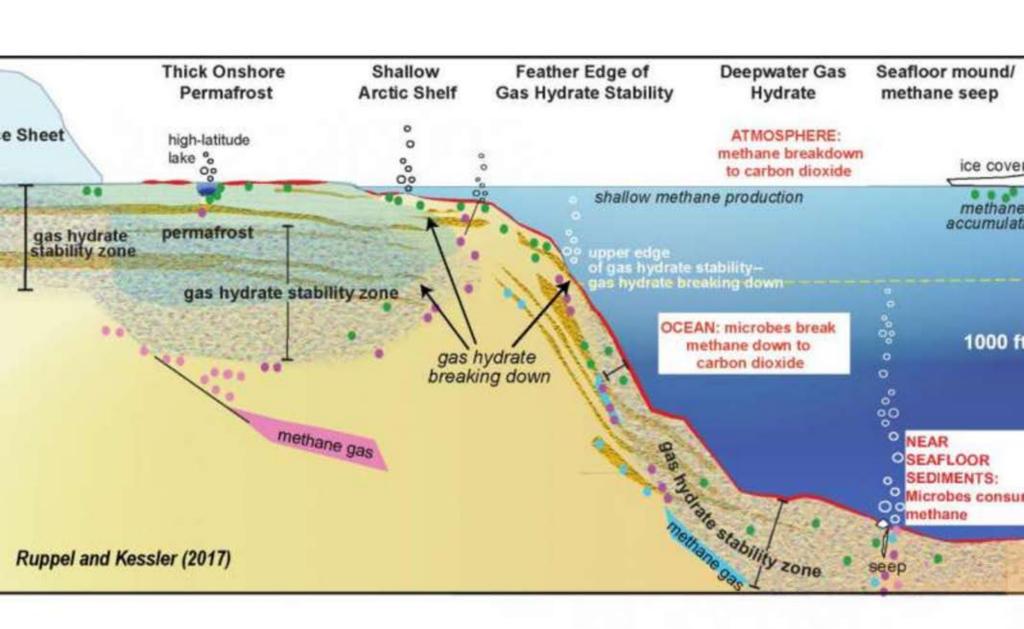








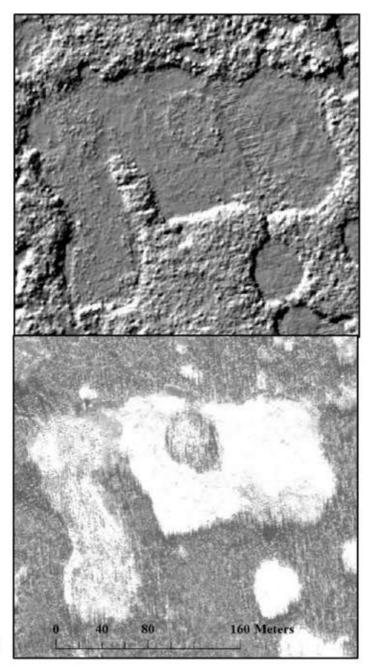
#### cause massive greenhouse gas release



#### What about permafrost peatlands?



permafrost = topography!



Sniderhan and Baltzer 2016